#### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as set forth hereinbelow.

#### 1-9. (cancelled)

- 10. (currently amended) The apparatus of Claim 8, wherein
  - An optical apparatus, comprising:
  - <u>a bottom surface and walls formed on a first substrate and substantially defining a detection volume and an upper opening thereof;</u>
  - an optical waveguide having an end face, the optical waveguide aligned
    substantially parallel to the first substrate and positioned so that at least a
    portion of light emerging from the end face enters the detection volume; and
  - a photodetector having an active area on a detector substrate, the detector substrate mounted on the first substrate so as to cover at least a portion of the upper opening of the detection volume with at least a portion of the active area exposed to the detection volume.

## wherein:

the optical waveguide is formed on a waveguide substrate;

the optical waveguide is mounted on the first substrate; and

light emerging from the end face of the optical waveguide may enter the detection volume through a substantially transparent segment of one of the walls thereof

### 11-19. (cancelled)

- 20. (currently amended) The apparatus of Claim 19, wherein
  - An optical apparatus, comprising:
  - <u>a bottom surface and walls formed on a first substrate and substantially defining a</u> <u>detection volume and an upper opening thereof;</u>
  - an optical waveguide having an end face, the optical waveguide aligned
    substantially parallel to the first substrate and positioned so that at least a
    portion of light emerging from the end face enters the detection volume:
  - a photodetector having an active area on a detector substrate, the detector substrate mounted on the first substrate so as to cover at least a portion of the

upper opening of the detection volume with at least a portion of the active area exposed to the detection volume: and

- <u>a reflective coating on a least a portion of the bottom surface of the detection</u> volume,
- wherein the reflective coating comprises a metallic coating, and the metallic reflective coating serves as an electrical contact for the active area of the detector substrate.

## 21-33. (cancelled)

# 34. (currently amended) The method of Claim 32, further comprising

A method, comprising:

forming a bottom surface and walls on a first substrate, thereby substantially defining a detection volume and an upper opening thereof;

forming an optical waveguide on a waveguide substrate;

mounting the optical waveguide on the first substrate;

- <u>positioning the optical waveguide substantially parallel to the first substrate so that</u> <u>at least a portion of light emerging from an end face of the optical waveguide</u> <u>enters the detection volume;</u>
- mounting a detector substrate on the first substrate so as to cover at least a portion of the upper opening of the detection volume with at least a portion of an active area on the detector substrate exposed to the detection volume; and
- forming a substantially transparent segment of one of the walls of the detection volume for admitting into the detection volume at least a portion of the light emerging from the end face of the optical waveguide.

## 35-43. (cancelled)

## 44. (currently amended) The method of Claim 43, wherein-

A method, comprising:

forming a bottom surface and walls on a first substrate, thereby substantially defining a detection volume and an upper opening thereof;

forming a reflective coating on at least a portion of the bottom surface of the detection volume;

- positioning an optical waveguide substantially parallel to the first substrate so that at least a portion of light emerging from an end face of the optical waveguide enters the detection volume: and
- mounting a detector substrate on the first substrate so as to cover at least a portion of the upper opening of the detection volume with at least a portion of an active area on the detector substrate exposed to the detection volume.
- wherein the reflective coating comprises a metallic coating, and the metallic reflective coating serves as an electrical contact for the active area of the detector substrate.

## 45-47. (cancelled)

- 48. (original) An optical apparatus, comprising:
  - a bottom surface and walls formed on a first substrate and substantially defining a detection volume and an upper opening thereof:
  - a semiconductor laser having a first laser end face and a second laser end face, the semiconductor laser aligned substantially parallel to the first substrate and positioned so that at least a portion of light emerging from the first laser end face enters the detection volume: and
  - a photodetector having an active area on a detector substrate, the detector substrate mounted on the first substrate so as to cover at least a portion of the upper opening of the detection volume with at least a portion of the active area exposed to the detection volume.
- 49. (original) The apparatus of Claim 48, further comprising an optical waveguide positioned so that at least a portion of light emerging from the second laser end face enters the optical waveguide.
- (original) The apparatus of Claim 49, wherein the optical waveguide comprises a planar optical waveguide formed on the first substrate.
- 51. (original) The apparatus of Claim 49, wherein the optical waveguide is mounted on the first substrate

- 52. (original) The apparatus of Claim 49, wherein at least a portion of the light emerging from the second laser end face enters the optical waveguide through an end face thereof.
- (original) The apparatus of Claim 49, wherein at least a portion of the light emerging from the second laser end face enters the optical waveguide by transverse-coupling thereto.
- 54. (original) The apparatus of Claim 48, wherein the semiconductor laser is formed on the first substrate.
- 55. **(original)** The apparatus of Claim 48, wherein the semiconductor laser is formed on a laser substrate and mounted on the first substrate.